Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name PermaGro Marine Vine

Product code SOIL-0178 HSNO approval HSR002571

Approval description Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020

UN number NA
DG class NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA
Uses Fertiliser

Company Details

Company Blue Pacific Minerals Address 11-17 Huttloc Drive,

Tokoroa 3420 New Zealand

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 www.bpmnz.co.nz

 Telephone
 +64 7 885 0550

 Email
 info@bpmnz.co.nz

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 678 444

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product has been approved under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020:

Hazard Statements

GHS 7 Classes

Skin irritant category 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritant category 2 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Reproductive toxicity category 2 H361 - Suspected of damaging feetilii

Reproductive toxicity category 2 H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

SYMBOLS

WARNING





Other Classifications

Zeolite contains crystalline silica. Particle size is >80µm. (not respirable)

Precautionary Statements

Prevention P103 - Read label before use.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapours.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

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Response P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up. Storage

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Concentration (%0
Zeolite – crystalline aluminosilicates may contains oxides including silica and aluminium oxide*	1318-02-1	>60%
sodium thiosulphate	7772-98-7	1-10%
boric acid	10043-35-3	0.1-1%
ingredients not contributing to GHS classes including minerals, humates, seaweed and fish extracts	Mixture	1-10%
water	7732-18-5	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely. *silica component may include respirable crystalline silica <0.1%

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

facilities **Exposure**

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse

mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Inhaled Generally, inhalation of fumes/vapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse health

effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the

side) for transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing substances:

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

alcohol resistant foam. Unknown.

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Products of combustion: Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat Protective equipment:

and eye protection.

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6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 1000kg is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

stormwater.

Emergency procedures In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of

hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your

regional council immediately).

Clean-up method Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of

crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal Sweep up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or

salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for

approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in

Section 10.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye

contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

*traces present, <0.1%

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace	Ingredient	WES-TWA	WES-STEL
Exposure Stds	potassium hydroxide	2mg/m ³ (ceiling)	-
	phosphoric acid	1mg/m ³	-
	boric acid:		
	Borates, tetra, sodium salts, anhydrous:	1mg/m ³	-
	decahydrate:	5mg/m ³	-
	pentrahydrate	1 mg/m ³ "	-
	Zeolite	-	-
	Crystalline Silica – all forms*	0.05mg/m ³	

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate. Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

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Skin



Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Wash hands after handling.

Respiratory

Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation. If product is being used in confined conditions, the use of a mask or respirator may be preferred.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance solid
Odour not specified
Odour Threshold no data
pH 6.4

Freezing/melting point no data **Boiling Point** no data **Flashpoint** no data **Flammability** not flammable Upper & lower flammable limits no data Vapour pressure no data Vapour density no data Specific gravity/density 1.003 Solubility partly soluble Partition coefficient no data **Auto-ignition temperature** no data **Decomposition temperature** no data **Viscosity** no data **Particle Characteristics** no data

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

Thermal decomposition may result in oxides of sulphur and sodium.

heat and open flames.

Incompatible groups Acids and oxidising agents.

Substance Specific None known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

nraduate

products

Hazardous reactions None known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: Not expected to show an effect at this concentration. Large amounts may cause gastrointestinal disturbances.

IF IN EYES: may cause eye irritation.

IF ON SKIN: May cause skin irritation.

IN INHALED: may cause respiratory irritation.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: Exposure to boric acids/borates over prolonged periods may affect the reproductive system in both males and females.

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is

>2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: potassium hydroxide 273 mg/kg (rat), phosphoric acid 1530 mg/kg (rat), boric acid 466 mg B/kg (mouse) = 2668 mg/kg

(mouse).

Dermal Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture

is >2,000 mg/kg.

Inhaled Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h.

Eye The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant, because some of the ingredients (sodium

thiosulphate, urea) present are considered eye irritants in more concentrated form.

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Skin The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant, because some of the ingredients (sodium

thiosulphate) present are considered skin irritants in more concentrated form.

Chronic Sensitisation The mixture is not considered to be a contact sensitizer.

Mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive /
No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.
No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.
The mixture is considered to be a suspected reproductive or developmental toxicant,

Developmental because at least one of the ingredients present in greater than 0.1% is suspected to be a reproductive or developmental toxicant (boric acid, borax). Animal experiments have

shown that ingestion of borates at high doses or over prolonged periods may affect the

reproductive system in both males and females.

Systemic No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

Aggravation of existing conditions

None known.

12. Ecological Data

Summary

In all cases prevent run-off to drains, sewers and waterways.

Supporting Data

Aquatic Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is > 100 mg/L.

Bioaccumulation No data
Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrateNo evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial vertebrates. **Terrestrial invertebrate**No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data Environmental effect levels No data

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packagingDisposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:NAProper shipping name:NAClass(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:NAHazchem code:NA

IMDG

UN number: NA Proper shipping name: Not regulated

Class(es) NA Packing group: NA Precautions: NA EmS NA

IATA

UN number: NA Proper shipping name: Not regulated

Class(es) NA Packing group: NA Precautions: NA ERG Guide NA

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15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including

substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use

or have been supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Not required. Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required. Bunding & secondary containment Not required. Signage Not required. Location compliance certificate Not required. Not required. Flammable zone Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code Approval HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 Controls,

EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC₅₀ Ecotoxic Concentration 50% − concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

GHS Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

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References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: SDS of ingredients

Review

DateReason for reviewAugust 2023Not applicable – new SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

