Safety Data Sheet



Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Zeolite - granular

Product code NA

HSNO approval HSR002544 or HSR2503

Approval descriptionConstruction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017 or

Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard)

Group Standard 2017

UN number NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA

Uses Raw material

Company Details

Company Blue Pacific Minerals
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Tokoroa 3420 New Zealand

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 www.bpmnz.co.nz

 Telephone
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 Email
 info@bpmnz.co.nz

Emergency Telephone Number: +64 274 573007

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002544 or HSR2503, Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017) or Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017.

Classes Hazard Statements

6.3A H315 - Causes skin irritation. 6.4A H320 - Causes eye irritation.

SYMBOLS

WARNING



Other Classifications

Zeolite contains crystalline silica. The following classification ONLY applies to this substance if it is in the form of a fine respirable dust in an occupational (chronic exposure) setting.:

6.7A May cause cancer

6.9A Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Australian GHS classification

Skin irritation Cat 2 H315 Causes skin irritation. Eye irritation Cat 2B H320 – Causes eye irritation.

Zeolite contains crystalline silica. The following classification ONLY applies to this substance if it is in the form of a fine

respirable dust in an occupational (chronic exposure) setting.:

Carcinogenicity, Cat 1A H350 May cause cancer through inhalation of dust.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Cat 1 H372 Causes damage to lungs and respiratory system through prolonged or

repeated exposure by inhalation of dusts.

Precautionary Statements

P103 - Read label before use.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

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P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing.

P280 - Wear eye/face protection.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use."

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (w/w %)
Zeolite – crystalline aluminosilicates may contains oxides including silica and aluminium oxide:	1318-02-1	100
Silica component may include		
Cristobalite	14464-46-1	<10
Quartz (crystalline silica)	14808-60-7	<10

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

facilities

Exposure

Swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Contact a doctor.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Apply continuous irrigation with water for at least 15 minutes

holding eyelids apart. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: get medical

advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Inhaled If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh

air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for

transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

5. **Firefighting Measures**

Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

alcohol resistant foam. Unknown.

Unsuitable extinguishing **Products of combustion:**

substances:

substances:

Product does not burn. Dust may form irritating atmosphere.

Protective equipment: No special measures are required.

Hazchem code: NA

6. **Accidental Release Measures**

Containment **Emergency procedures** There is no current legal requirement for containment of this product.

In the event of large spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear

area of any unprotected personnel. Sweep up the solid. Avoid creating dust. If appropriate, use a gentle water spray to wet material to minimise dust generation. Sweep up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or

salvage. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord

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Disposal

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with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

dusts. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

Storage & Handling

Storage Stable under normal use and storage conditions.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Do not breathe

dust.

Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace	Ingredient	WES-TWA	WES-STEL
Exposure Stds	Silicon dioxide	see crystalline silica	data unavailable
(2013)	Aluminium oxide	10mg/m ³	data unavailable
	Iron (II) Oxide	5mg/m³ (as Fe)	data unavailable
	Magnesium oxide	10mg/m ³ (fume)	data unavailable
	Calcium oxide	2mg/m ³	data unavailable
	Titanium dioxide	10mg/m ³	data unavailable
	Quartz (SiO ₂):	•	
	quartz, respirable dust	0.05mg/m ³	data unavailable
	cristobalite, respirable dust	0.05mg/m ³	data unavailable

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it

always prudent to use protective eyewear if dust is likely.

Skin Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious

gloves. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating,

drinking or smoking. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Respiratory To prevent irritation a well fitted dust mask should be used (this is not recommended when exposure is close to the WES). Use of a P2 dust mask or fine particulate half or full

face respirator with an effective seal is recommended when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and

maintenance of PPE are necessary.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance solid, granular, off white/tan colour

Odour no odour

Ηα 8.65 (10% aqueous suspension)

Vapour pressure NA **Viscosity** NA **Boiling point** NA Volatile materials no data Freezing / melting point NA

Solubility not soluble in water

Specific gravity / density ~0.65g/cm3 Flash point no data Danger of explosion NA **Auto-ignition temperature** NA **Upper & lower flammable limits** NA Page 3 of 6

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Corrosiveness non corrosive

Stability & Reactivity 10.

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Avoid the creation of

dust.

Incompatible groups Hazardous decomposition Avoid contact with strong oxidsing agents and hydrogen fluoride. None known

products

Hazardous reactions Zeolites will react with hydrogen fluoride (HF) acid. Avoid contact with strong oxidsing

agents.

11. **Toxicological Information**

Summary

IF IN EYES: Fine dust may cause irritation when in direct contact.

IF ON SKIN: Material may cause drying out of skin.

IF INHALED: May cause respiratory irritation. Also see chronic effects.

IF SWALLOWED: No adverse effects anticipated under normal use conditions.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: The adverse health effects from respirable crystalline silica exposure-silicosis, cancer, scleroderma, tuberculosis, and nephrotoxicity- are chronic effects. This product is granular, but may become a respirable dust through sanding/grinding.

Supporting Data

Oral Not considered acutely toxic if swallowed. Acute

Dermal Not considered acutely toxic by dermal contact.

Inhaled The substance is not considered acutely toxic if inhaled, however there may be irritation

of the respiratory tract if dust is inhaled. Short term (acute) silicosis (see "systemic" below) can also occur with one-off exposures to extremely high levels of fine crystalline silica dust. Other short term effects include irritation, choking and difficulty breathing.

The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant. Dust may be an eye irritant Eye

(mechanical irritation).

Skin

The mixture is considered to be a mild skin irritant.

Sensitisation Chronic

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer. Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Carcinogenicity Zeolites have been classed by IARC as group 3 – cannot be evaluated as to their

carcinogenicity to humans. However, there is evidence that this material does contain quartz and cristobalite. Crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). Crystalline Silica triggers 6.7A classification (confirmed carcinogen). The carcinogenicity of silica is related to long term (e.g., 10 years) inhalation of very fine particulate (e.g., from sand blasting or dry cutting of quartz containing substrates). Carcinogenicity of silica appears linked to development of silicosis (see systematic below) followed by complications and,

eventually lung cancer

Reproductive / Developmental **Systemic**

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

The respirable fraction of the dust of this product is considered to be a target organ toxicant, because of the presence of crystalline silica at greater than 1%. Crystalline silica triggers 6.9A classification if it is in the form of a fine respirable dust in an occupational (chronic exposure) setting. This is due to the development of silicosis which can occur following exposure to extremely high levels of fine silica dust. Silicosis is a type of pneumoconiosis – a disease of the lung that causes inflammation, scar tissue, lesions and fibrosis in the lung (alveolar). Symptoms include shortness of breath, cough, fever, loss of appetite and cyanosis (bluish skin). Silicosis can occur following prolonged exposure (e.g., 10 years) to relatively high levels of fine crystalline silica dust.

Based on limited animal research, it is possible that repeated inhalation of cellulose fibre

dust may lead to inflammation and scarring of the lung.

Aggravation of existing conditions

None known

12. Ecological Data

Summary

This product is not considered ecotoxic.

Supporting Data

Aquatic

Not ecotoxic in the aquatic environment.

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Bioaccumulation No data
Degradability No data

Soil No consided ecotoxic in the soil environment.

Terrestrial vertebrate Not toxic towards terrestrial vertebrates

Terrestrial invertebrate Not toxic towards terrestrial invertebrates

Biocidal Not biocidal

Environmental effect levels No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal methodDisposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packagingDisposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:NAProper shipping name:NAClass(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:Not applicable.Hazchem code:NA

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002544 or HSR002503, Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017 or Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including

substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use

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or have been supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Not required. Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required. Bunding & secondary containment Not required. Not required. Signage Location test certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

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Product Name: Zeolite - granular

Other Information

Abbreviations

CAS Number

Approval HSR002544 or HSR002503, Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group **Approval Code**

Standard 2017 or Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard)

Group Standard 2017, Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test **EC**₅₀

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

FΡΔ Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

 LD_{50} Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

LC₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% - concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day **TWA**

(usually 8 hours)

Upper Explosive Limit UEL United Nations Number **UN Number**

Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical **WES**

> agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information Data

database (CCID).

EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) **Controls**

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

Review

Reason for review **Date**

March 2016 New SDS.

New logo, update of group standard December 2017 February 2018 Addition of GHS classifications, section 2

September 2020

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

